

TRIPLE LYNCHING.

Three Murderers Strung Up at
Russell, Kas.

A Masked Mob Takes Them
From Jail.

PUSHED OFF A BRIDGE.

The Work Made Sure by Shoot-
ing Them.

RUSSELL, Kan., Jan. 15.—A terrible exhibition of private justice was seen here Saturday night when three men, J. G. Burton, William Gay and his son, John Gay, were lynched by a determined mob. The men were held guilty of the murder of Fred Dinsley last July. Dinsley lived with T. W. Burton on a farm eleven miles north, and on July 9 he disappeared. Burton had his team and even wore some of his clothes, but claimed that Dinsley had gone to Oklahoma with young Gay.

Gay returned a short time ago, and, on close questioning, confessed that Burton had poisoned Dinsley. The elder Gay attempted to point out the place of burial, but failed. Burton then made a confession that the Gays killed him, and Thursday took the sheriff to a corn-field in a ravine where the body, decomposed, mutilated, skull crushed, was found. Indignation ran high, and it was with difficulty the three men could be got back to the jail, where they had been confined since their arrest late in December.

Saturday night two men from the Burton farm came into town and were reinforced by farmers from all parts of the country. The party appeared to have been picked, for there were only about 150 in all when, at midnight, they surrounded the little jail and demanded the prisoners. This was refused by the sheriff, but the party was short. The mob easily forced their way into the jail and dragged out the terrified trio from their cells.

The mob was cool and apparently well organized and made no attempt at concealment, though there were many onlookers. They took the men out through the streets and guarded them with jealous care leading them along the Union Pacific track. A short distance from town a little prairie stream is crossed by the railroad and wagon road, about 100 rods east of the Russell depot.

To the bridge over this the mob went and placed the trembling wretches near the edge. Ropes were ready and one was put around the neck of each of the men and tied to the stringers. There was no time for prayers or pleading, but at a signal all three were pushed off the edge and dropped eight or ten feet with all the precision of a professional hanging.

To make sure of carrying out their purpose the mob fired two shots into each body, although death came quickly by the rope. Then the lynchers rode away quietly and the bodies swung cold and stiff.

When morning came, passengers on the east-bound express train had a plain view of the bodies as they hung from the high bridge. Hundreds of people gathered around, but it was not until 10:30 that the bodies were cut down. The coroner at once held an inquest and without delay the jury returned a verdict that deceased came to their death at the hands of persons unknown.

There is little sympathy felt for the victims. The murder was a cruel and heartless one, and the three men lynched were considered guilty. Their mutual recriminations and cross confessions convinced the people that all of them were guilty, and during the past week, and while the inquest over Dinsley's remains were being held, attention has been given almost exclusively to the matter. The trivial booty secured and the evidence of mutilation given by the body robbed the murderers of all sympathy.

It is not likely that an attempt will be made to prosecute the lynchers.

HUNDREDS CREMATED.

Nearly Three Hundred Women and Children Burned to Death.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 15.—The Pacific Mail steamship City of Peking, brought details from Ningpo of one of the most terrible fires on record, which occurred in the big temple in that city December 9, and caused the death of nearly 300 women and children. The annual theatrical performance in honor of the gods was being given in the temple. A hay stack, a lighted cigarette into a heap of straw, which blazed up, and the burning staircase presented the people from getting out. There was a general rush to escape. Some were trampled to death, others jumped out of the windows and were either killed or so badly injured that they were unable to escape the flames, and as perished, while others passively awaited their fate, which was not long in overtaking them, and they were roasted alive or suffocated by the smoke.

BATTLE WITH OUTLAWS.

One Is Shot Dead, Another Severely Wounded and Two Officers Hurt.

WESTON, W. Va., Jan. 15.—Information was received here yesterday of the apprehension of Calvert and Henson Fleming, two notorious outlaws, for whom the state of Virginia offers a reward of \$2,000 and the county of Wise \$300. They were charged with having committed five different murders and several other way robberies are also against them. The Fleming brothers have been fugitives from justice for a long time. When the officers demanded their surrender the desperadoes resisted arrest and opened fire upon their pursuers. The shots were returned by the officers and a short conflict for life ensued. Calvert Fleming was killed outright and his brother Henson was mortally wounded with three shots in his left breast. Two of the officers, John H. Brannan and Doc Swannell, were seriously wounded. The injuries of the former are considered fatal. A clerk in the store was also shot in the shoulder, but not thought to be dangerously hurt.

Blameworthy in Poor Health.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—A Berlin dispatch to the Standard says that Bismarck's health is reported to be not quite satisfactory. Besides his old gastric disorder, he has suffered recently from influenza.

To Make More Lustrous.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—The Nash Linoleum factory at Newark, one of the largest plants of its kind in the United States, resumed operations today after a shut down of several weeks. Several hundred men were also today added to the force in the several departments of the Singer sewing machine works, and the outlook is that this factory will be kept busy for several months.

60 inch white damask red borders for 30 cents, at Salvage.

A LITTLE BLOODTHIRSTY.

Lilloukaiant Wanted the Provisional Government Leaders Beheaded.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The dispatch from Minister Willis of November 16, which was held by the president until now, gives an account of an interview between Mr. Willis and the queen, November 13. The queen was informed of President Cleveland's intentions toward her and was asked if she would grant amnesty to those engaged in the revolution. She replied negatively and said she believed them worthy of being beheaded, but finally signified willingness to consent to their exile and the confiscation of their property. Lilloukaiant was offered protection on a warship or at the American legation, but declined it. Upon being asked for the names of four of her most trusted friends, she named J. O. Carter, John Richardson, Joseph Nawaihai and E. O. MacFarlan. Of these men Minister Willis says: "Carter and MacFarlan are the only two to whom ministerial business could be safely entrusted. In a conversation with Sam Parker also, with Nawaihai it was plainly evident that the queen's implied condemnation of the constitution of 1887 was fully endorsed by them."

"From these and other facts which have been developed, it is estimated there will be a concerted movement, in the event of restoration, for the overthrow of that constitution, which would mean the overthrow of constitutional government, and the absolute domination of the queen. Under the state of December 9 Minister Willis reports a call from ex-Marshall Wilson. He left a document containing a detailed method of procedure for the restoration of the queen. It provided for the surrender of the provisional government to the American naval commander, and the keeping of his forces on shore. Till her majesty's government had been fully reorganized and felt itself able to maintain law and order, the surrender of all the provisional government's offices and posts to him as prisoners, to be subsequently turned over to her majesty's government, to be dealt with by a court specially appointed for that purpose; also turning over of government arms and munitions of war, prisoners, etc., by the United States government to her majesty's government."

The minister next details a conversation he had with Wilson as to the plan of procedure, and the list of names of those he proposed to have in the restored government."

Of this list Minister Willis says: "An analysis of this list of advisers is not encouraging to the friends of good government or of American interests. The Americans, who, for over twenty-five years held a commanding place in the councils of state, are ignored, and other nationalities, English especially, are placed in charge. If the list had been selected by Wilson himself no especial importance would attach to them, but it would seem from the facts that it is a list which has been approved after consultation with leading Royalists and most probably with the approval of the queen."

On December 18, Minister Willis received a letter from the queen agreeing to the president's condition, which has already been published, and then follows his demand on the provisional government to surrender, which has also been made public by the press dispatches.

The rest of the correspondence consists of matters which have already been made public.

BROKE FAITH WITH DOLE.

A New Complication Probably in the Hawaiian Insurrection.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 15.—There is a prospect that the United States officials, either at Honolulu or in America, may have to answer to the charge of breaking faith with President Dole. It is said that Minister Willis grew impatient at Dole's delay in formulating his reply to Willis' demand of abdication and urged greater haste, whereupon President Dole called upon Willis and frankly admitted he did not propose to submit his reply until the arrival of a vessel on which it would be dispatched simultaneously with the departure of the Corwin, whereupon Willis agreed the Corwin should carry the dispatches of the provisional government. Dole then hurried forward his reply and sent it to Willis, who dispatched the Corwin early on morning. It transpires that no dispatches were delivered by the Corwin to the Hawaiian representatives in America.

It is also said the queen's death from heart disease is liable to occur at any moment. Smoothing operations have upon her with increasing frequency of late. Visitors are prohibited and every precaution taken to prevent excitement. Threats against her life have greatly helped to accelerate her trouble.

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THE FIGHT IS ON.

Wilson Bill Being Considered
Section by Section.

A Tax on Sugar is Now
Probable.

"ODIOUS INCOME TAX,"

It is Quite Likely Will Be
Defeated.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The real work on the tariff bill was commenced today when the bill was read by sections and is open to amendment under the five minute rule. From now on the bill will be in constant danger of amendment, and the house Democratic leaders have urged upon all their colleagues the absolute necessity of their presence until final action is taken.

Chairman Wilson said last night: "It is of the utmost importance that every Democratic member be present in the house from this time until the passage of the tariff bill. Thus far the discussion has been limited to general debate, but from this time forward the actual voting on amendments will proceed from day to day. It will be necessary to maintain a quorum, as the absence at any time of a sufficient number for a vote might involve the loss of a day or two in the consideration of the bill."

"What is of more consequence is that the amending of the bill should be made while the friends of the measure and the majority of the house are there to express their preferences, for it would be most unfortunate if amendments were made from day to day through the absence of a sufficient number of Democratic members to prevent them. For this reason it is essential that the Democratic majority should attend the sessions until after the debate closes."

The Democratic members of the ways and means committee had a meeting yesterday afternoon to decide upon the amendments to be offered. It will probably be necessary to consider the McKinley bill, that the special order will expire with many individual amendments pending, but not voted upon. The decision of the Democratic members of the committee to report the income tax and other internal revenue features of the committee's revenue plan as a separate measure removes one of the main dangers to the bill, as the opposition to the income tax features was formidable, especially in the East, and some of it was of such character that the proposition had been placed in the bill, it would have arrayed many Democratic members against the whole measure. The fact the proposition is not included in the bill will, it is thought, strengthen the attempt to remove the sugar bounty and substitute in its stead a duty of one cent on sugar.

Should this be done it would raise \$45,000,000 of revenue and save \$10,000,000 of sugar bounty, and remove the necessity for and probably kill the income tax proposition which is now the purpose of the committee to present later with the internal revenue bill. It is not believed the attempt to restore a portion of the duty on coal from ore, lumber and other raw materials placed on the free list, in the bill, will succeed.

CARLISLE MAY ISSUE BONDS.

The Secretary Proposes to Maintain the Gold Reserve.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Some decisive action to replenish the gold reserve in the treasury must be taken within the next few weeks. If congress does not take kindly to the suggestions of Secretary Carlisle in his annual report and provide at once some means of relief, the only course left the officials of the treasury department will be for the secretary to exercise the authority granted him by the law of 1873 and issue bonds for the purpose of maintaining the gold reserve.

The position which confronts the administration is one which they have decided to handle with promptness. All the available money now in the treasury department consists of what is called "gold reserve," which has now been invaded \$25,000,000 and by the first of the month the treasury department believes the total amount will have been reduced to \$10,000,000. Such a situation, it is thought, would again start a movement of gold toward Europe, which would still further reduce the amount of gold held by the United States.

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The Moore-Furston Contest.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Colonel H. J. Moore of Lawrence, has arrived for the purpose of shaping his contest against Furston. The indications strongly point to the unseating of Furston. The vote will be taken by the committee January 21.

Will Divide the Billiard Prize.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 15.—The tiegame between Shaefer and Ives, to determine first and second place in the billiard tournament which closed Saturday night, will not be played, owing to the difficulty in securing suitable halls. Sweepstakes, \$1,500 and 50 per cent of the net door receipts, will be equally divided between Shaefer and Ives, each of whom under this arrangement will receive nearly \$2,000.

Stricken With Paralysis.

PITTSBURGH, Kan., Jan. 15.—Ed Van Gundy, a prominent attorney and politician of this place, was stricken with paralysis at a late hour last night and now is in a critical condition. Mr. Van Gundy is a partner of Morris Cliggett, assistant United States district attorney, and is well known in Southeastern Kansas.

The New York Life Insurance company, has offered to subscribe for \$50,000,000 of the proposed new government three per cent bonds.

The Daily Stars Journal prints all the news.

TO ENJOIN THE SHERIFF.

Latest Method to Pull off the Mitchell-Corbett Fight.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 15.—Another rumor is current as to the method the Duval athletic club will pursue in preventing the governor from interfering with the Corbett-Mitchell contest. It is conceded the means which will be pursued by the club in case the governor decides to stop the contest, will be to order the sheriff to inform the executive that the county authorities will be unable to cope with the threatened disturbance and that the aid of the military will be needed.

It is rumored, however, a day or so before the fight the club will apply to the circuit court for an injunction restraining the sheriff from interfering in any way with the contest. If the injunction is granted it will be impossible for the governor to act, as by the laws of this state he is not empowered to order out the militia without a call from the sheriff of the county.

Mrs. Corbett, who has been slightly ill at Mayport in such way, suggestion of the stomach having set in.

SANTA FE MEN WANT PAY.

Those on the Western Division Have Three Months' Salaries Due.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 15.—A committee of Santa Fe railroad employees from La Junta, Col., inform Governor Waite that the engineers, conductors, brakemen, switchmen and trackmen of all grades on the Western division of the road have received no pay since last October, and many of the men and their families are on the verge of starvation.

Governor Waite laid the matter before Judge Hallett, of the United States court yesterday and Judge Hallett decided to present the matter by letter to the receivers at Topeka, requesting them to take immediate action.

Stopped by a Sheriff.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 15.—Three battles in what was to be a long drawn out boxing main between Omaha and Kansas City were finished before the sheriff stopped proceedings. The battles were for \$25 a side with \$50 on the old fight. Quite a crowd of sports were in attendance, and the betting was free. Omaha won two of the three battles finished. Henry V. Stone, of Kansas City was the only man arrested. He gave nominal bail.

Mrs. Beecher Ill.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Jan. 15.—Mrs. Beecher, wife of the late Henry Ward Beecher of Brooklyn, while attending services at the Plymouth church on Orange street, near Henry, yesterday morning, was seized with a fit of weakness and had to be carried into the lecture room, where she was unconscious about five minutes.

Sensational Billiard Play.

CHICAGO, Jan. 15.—Schaefer defeated Ives Saturday night in the three-cornered billiard match by a score of 699 to 599. The game was the most exciting and sensational on record. Schaefer and Ives stood tall for the sweepstakes of \$1,500 and 50 per cent of the net gate receipts.

Lilloukaiant to Sue for Damages.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 15.—The Australia brought a statement from a correspondent in Honolulu to the effect that ex-Queen Lilloukaiant has engaged all hands of her ever regaining the throne of Hawaii, and is now perfecting arrangements for bringing a claim against the United States for an immense amount of money.

A New Explosive.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 15.—An invention in explosives, which is attracting large attention in Mexican military circles, is by Lieutenant Alfredo Gomez, a young officer. The new explosive is intended to surmount the defects of the shells now in use and will be a number of features, increasing the range, accuracy and destructive power of projectiles.

For Twenty-Five Years an Editor.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 15.—Herman Sigel died last night, aged 54 years. He has been editor-in-chief of the Abend Post of this city for three years, but has been connected with the Milwaukee newspapers for nearly twenty-five years, coming here from Connecticut.

Took His Baby and Died.

HEATHCOTE, Neb., Jan. 15.—John Kennedy, of Lincoln, visited his divorced wife here last evening in order to see their 3-year-old child. The woman is an invalid and while her attention was called to other matters Kennedy wrapped a cloak about the baby and died.

A French Diplomat Dead.

PARIS, Jan. 15.—William Henry Waddington, the distinguished French statesman and diplomatist, who has been seriously ill with diabetes died yesterday.

Fire at Minneapolis.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 15.—Fire yesterday afternoon gutted the center section of the Syndicate block, on Nicollet avenue, and destroyed \$95,000 worth of property.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

David Jenkins of Douglas county, Missouri, was cut to pieces by a saw-mill.

Two boys named Sutherland were drowned near Chillicothe, Mo., while skating.

Mike Shay, who so mysteriously disappeared from Marshall, Mo., has returned home. His mind is unbalanced. His shortage will be made good.

Mrs. Louisa A. Stutton, a widow bent with age and crippled from a paralytic stroke, was burned to death in her home at Kansas City, Kan.

An explosion at the Mannmoth mine, Utah, killed Charles Williams, his body being horribly mangled. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

At Lamar, Col., all records were broken in the two days' rabbit hunt which ended Saturday night. The total number killed was 4,900 and the highest individual score 104. The game was shipped to Denver and Pueblo to be distributed among the needy.

S. BARNUM & CO.

THESE

And hundreds of other spicy items scattered throughout our stock, are making our

JANUARY REMNANT AND CLEARANCE SALE

one of transcending interest. We are bound not to pack up any winter stock, and if ever you had a chance to buy goods at

LESS THAN WE PAY FOR THEM

in New York, this is certainly the time to do it.

- Remnants of "Fruit of Loom" Lonsdale and other 10c brands of bleached muslin, 7 Cents.
- Remnants of most excellent Unbleached Cotton Flannel, a fair value at 11c and 12½c, 7 Cents.
- Remnants of Fall Styles Dress Prints, worth 6½ cents, at 4 Cents.
- Men's 50c and 65c Heaviest Cotton Flannel Drawers, at 39 Cents.
- Choice of \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 Ladies' Cloth and Cheviot Jackets, must go at \$1.49.
- Choice of Ladies' Fur Jackets, worth \$5.00 and \$6.00, must be closed out at \$2.98.
- \$1.00 and \$1.25 Red Comforters, clearance sale price 69 Cents.
- Remnants of 80c quality Turkey Red Table Linen, 19 Cents.
- Ladies' Fine Cashmere Mittens, fancy knit backs, regular 25c kind, 11 Cents.
- Boys' Heavy All Wool Mittens, 20c kind, 10 Cents.
- Ladies' White Merino Underwear, heavy and fine, 60c quality, 42 Cents.
- Ladies' Fine Seamless Cashmere Hose, a good 50c quality, to close up, 19 Cents.
- 36-inch English Henriettes, in best fall shades, 30c and 35c quality, sale price 21 Cents.
- Gent's Grey Mixed Heavy Underwear, 65c quality, cut to 39 Cents.
- 36-inch All Wool German Plaids and Stripes and Novelty Dress Suitings, worth 60c and 65c, our sale price 39 cents.
- Remnants of yard wide Brown Muslin, worth 6½c, sale price 4 Cents.
- 34 and 36-inch Fancy Suitings, choice goods that we have sold at 90c and 85c, down to 19 cents.
- Children's Wool Hosiery, western make, splendid weight, sizes 6 to 8½, down to 10c, 12½c and 15c.
- One hundred Misses' and Children's Cloaks, all of this season's choicest and latest styles. Make your selections and save over one-third.

PHONE 64

Cut Flowers, FLORAL WORK, Decorations and all Kinds of Plants.
Greenhouses on West 10th street.
City Depot at Geo. Mansfield's Drug Store, 632 KANSAS AVE.
TELE. 289.

HOME-MADE BREAD, PIES and CAKES
FRESH EVERY DAY, AT THE
Topeka Exchange,
808 KANSAS AVE.

Smoke Klauer's Silk Edge
ART
THE 3 HART

ARTHUR MASSEY, Practical Horse-Shoer



Mr. G. A. Stearns

Purifies the Blood
"I was attacked with a painful itching and swelling. Red blotches came out on my body. I could hardly see. Words cannot express my suffering. When I had taken six bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla all traces of the disease had disappeared, and I am now perfectly well." G. A. STEARNS, Gravit, Iowa.
Be sure to get Hood's. HOOD'S PILLS cure all Liver Ills, Biliousness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Sick Headaches.

Hood's Cures
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